What is claimed is:

1. An artificial antigen presenting cell comprising:

a) liposome components, said components forming lipid bilayers of a liposome;

b) GM-1 components, said GM-1 comprising at least one GM-1 molecule, said GM-1 contacting said liposome components;

c) cholera toxin β subunit components; said β subunit components comprising at least a portion of said subunit capable of binding a GM-1 molecule;

d) MHC components, said MHC components comprising immunologically active molecules and contacting at least said cholera β subunit;

e) antigen components, said antigen components contacting at least said MHC components; and

f) accessory molecule components, said accessory molecule components providing for a stabilizing property to an interaction between a T cell receptor and said MHC and said antigen components.

2. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 1 wherein said GM-1 components form rafts comprising multiples of said GM-1 molecules in said lipid bilayers.

3. An artificial antigent presenting cell according to claim 2 wherein said rafts are present in said lipid bilayer at high density.

4. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 3 further comprising immunologically active molecules selected from the group consisting of co-stimulatory molecules, adhesion molecules, and cell modulation molecules.

5. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 3 futher comprising irrelevant molecules selected from the group consisting of molecules for binding said artificial antigen presenting cell to a solid support, and a label.

6. An artificial antigen presenting cell comprising:

a) liposome components, said components forming lipid bilayers of a liposome;

b) GM-1 components, said GM-1 comprising at least one GM-1 molecule, said GM-1 contacting said liposome components;

c) cholera toxin β subunit components; said β subunit components comprising at least a portion of said subunit capable of binding a GM-1 molecule;

d) tetravidin components, said tetravidin capable to binding said cholera toxin, said tetravidin further capable of binding between 1 and 3 immunologically active molecules;

e) MHC components, said MHC components comprising immunologically active molecules and contacting at least said cholera β subunit;

f) antigen components, said antigen components contacting at least said MHC components; and

g) accessory molecule components, said accessory molecule components providing for a stabilizing property to an interaction between a T cell receptor and said MHC and said antigen components, said accessory molecules comprising said immunologically active molecules of (d).

7. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 6 wherein said GM-1 components form rafts comprising multiples of said GM-1 molecules in said lipid bilayers.

8. An artificial antigent presenting cell according to claim 7 wherein said rafts are present in said lipid bilayer at high density.

9. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 8 further comprising immunologically active molecules selected from the group consisting of co-stimulatory molecules, adhesion molecules, and cell modulation molecules.

10. An artificial antigen presenting cell according to claim 8 futher comprising irrelevant molecules selected from the group consisting of molecules for binding said artificial antigen presenting cell to a solid support, and a label.

11. A method of modulating antigen specific T cells comprising contacting a T cell with an aAPC or claims 1 or 6, incubating said Tcells with said aAPC, and monitoring said T cell for modulation.